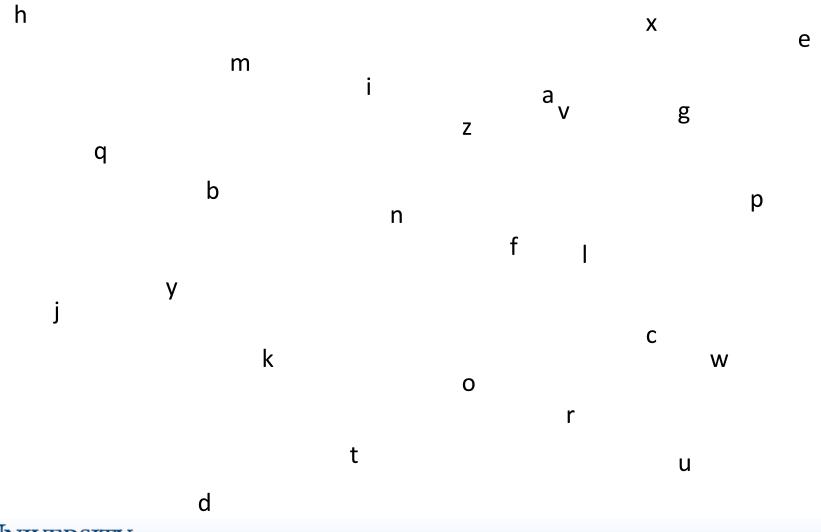




# Chartjunk Where design and function part ways



#### 1) What letter of the alphabet is not on this page?





2) Evaluate the following expression

$$(((100 + 15) - (3 * 5)) / 10) - (10 + (5 - (3 + (2 * 1) - 2)))$$



3) Write every third word in this passage



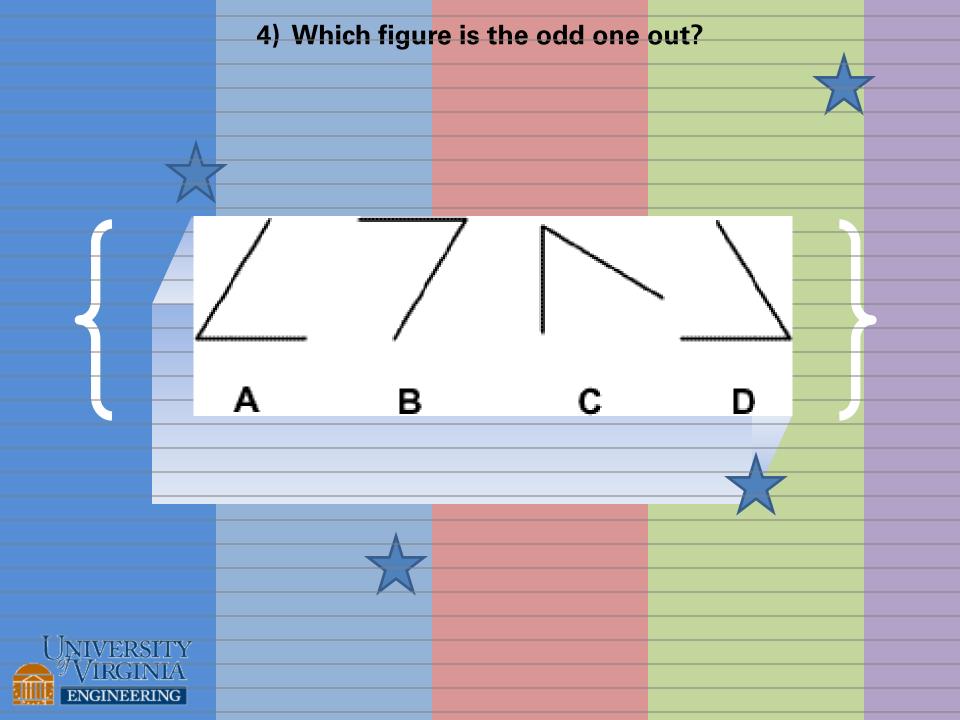


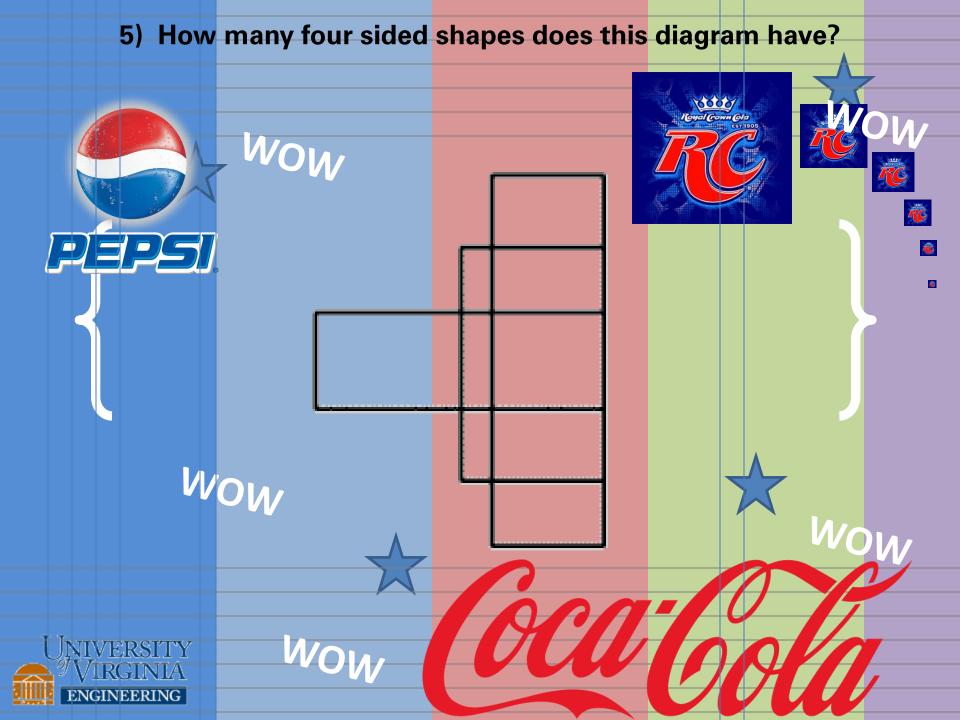
Amidst the mists and fiercest frosts
With barest wrists and stoutest boasts
He thrusts his fists against the posts
And still insists he sees the ghost.











Hand your answer sheet to a peer for grading.



Hand your answer sheet to a peer for grading.

1) S		



Hand your answer sheet to a peer for grading.

- 1) S
- 2) -2



Hand your answer sheet to a peer for grading.

- 1) S
- 2) -2
- 3) Mists frosts wrists boasts his the still sees



Hand your answer sheet to a peer for grading.

- 1) S
- 2) -2
- 3) Mists frosts wrists boasts his the still sees
- 4) D



Hand your answer sheet to a peer for grading.

- 1) S
- 2) -2
- 3) Mists frosts wrists boasts his the still sees
- 4) D
- 5) 29



"What."
- you right now



# "What." - you right now

## Chartjunk

Visual elements of charts, graphs, and visualizations that add unnecessary complexity to the image, distracting the viewer via clutter, obfuscation, or some other means.



# "What." - you right now

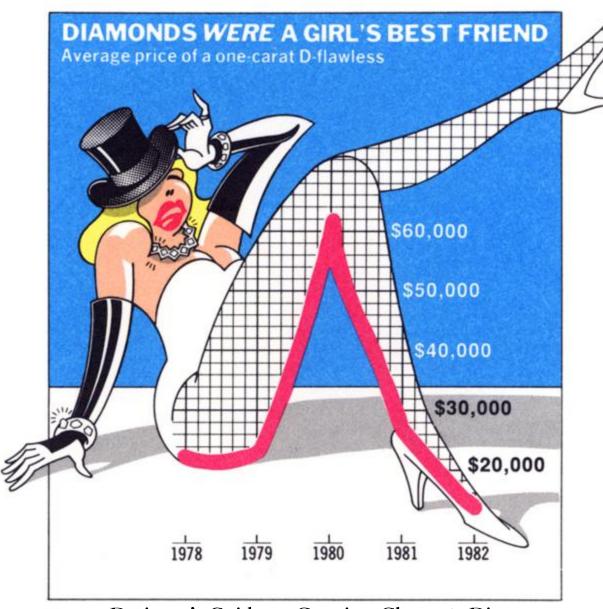
## Chartjunk

Visual elements of charts, graphs, and visualizations that add unnecessary complexity to the image, distracting the viewer via clutter, obfuscation, or some other means.



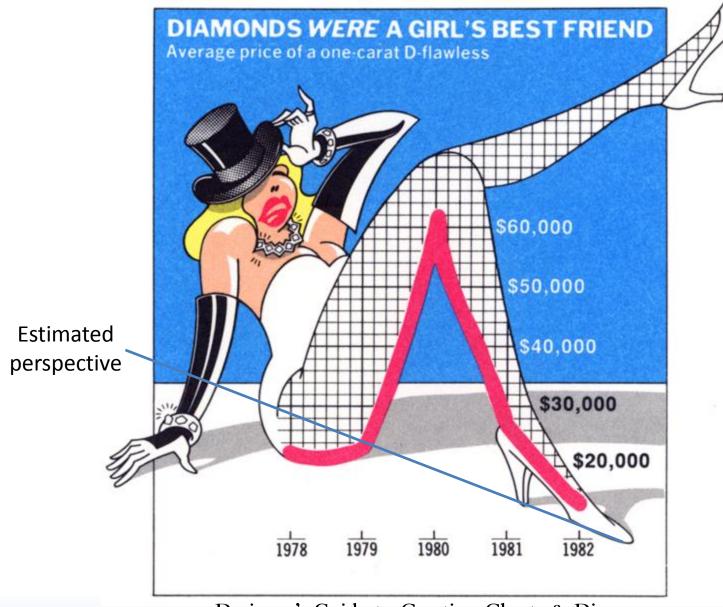
- totally you right now







Designer's Guide to Creating Charts & Diagrams Nigel Holmes, 1991





Designer's Guide to Creating Charts & Diagrams Nigel Holmes, 1991

## **DIAMONDS WERE A GIRL'S BEST FRIEND** Average price of a one-carat D-flawless **BLACK:** Data in perspective \$60,000 \$50,000 **Estimated** \$40,000 perspective \$30,000 \$20,000 1978 1979 1981 1982



Designer's Guide to Creating Charts & Diagrams Nigel Holmes, 1991

## DIAMONDS WERE A GIRL'S BEST FRIEND Average price of a one-carat D-flawless **BLACK:** Data in perspective **ORANGE:** Data matches fishnets \$60,000 \$50,000 **Estimated** \$40,000 perspective \$30,000 \$20,000 1978 1979 1981 1980 1982



Designer's Guide to Creating Charts & Diagrams Nigel Holmes, 1991

# Average price of a one-carat D-flawless \$60,000

JUST SHOW THE DATA \$40,000 \$30,000 \$20,000

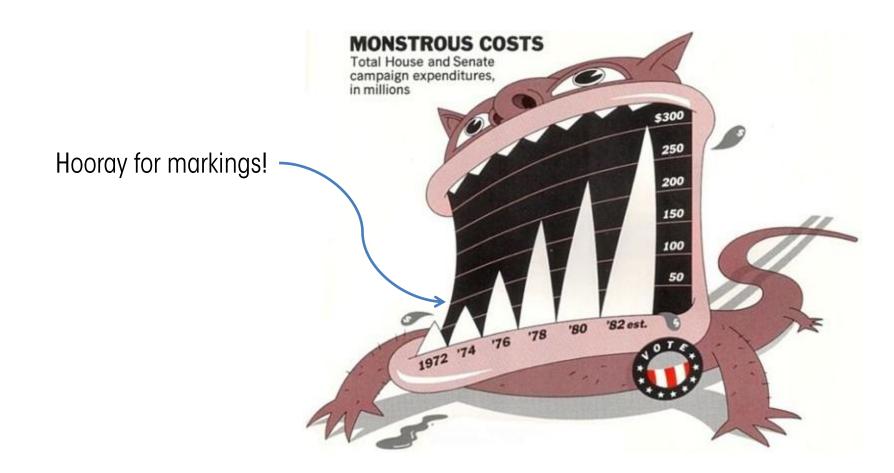


**BLACK:** Data in perspective **ORANGE:** Data matches fishnets

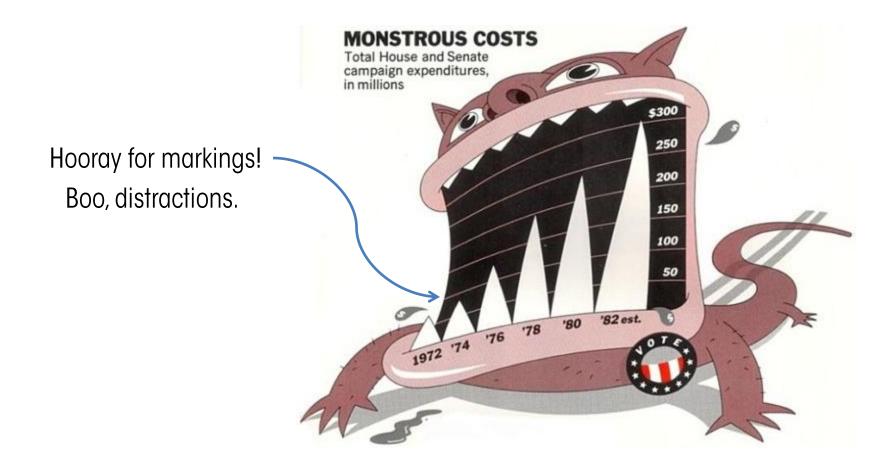
Designer's Guide to Creating Charts & Diagrams Nigel Holmes, 1991



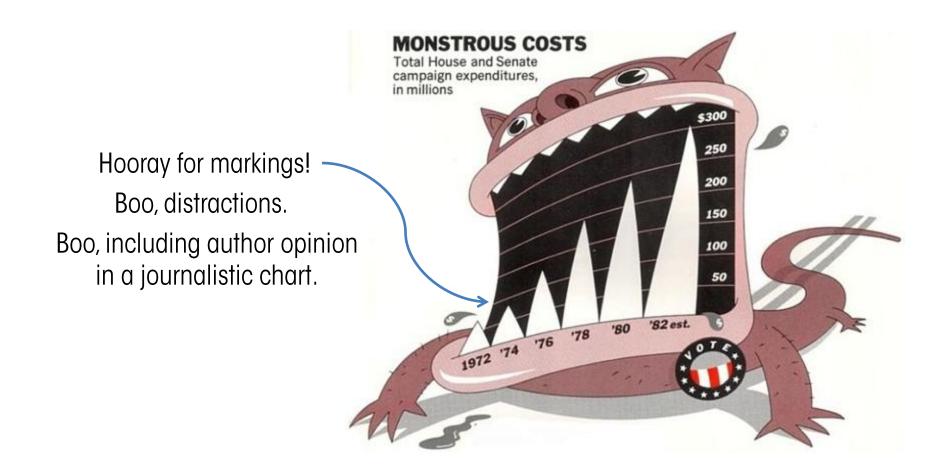






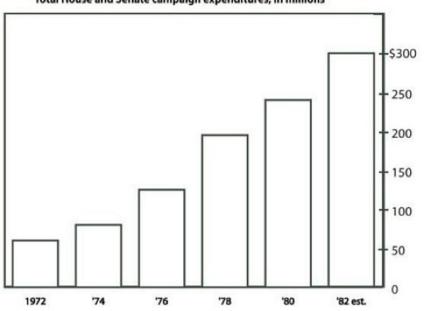






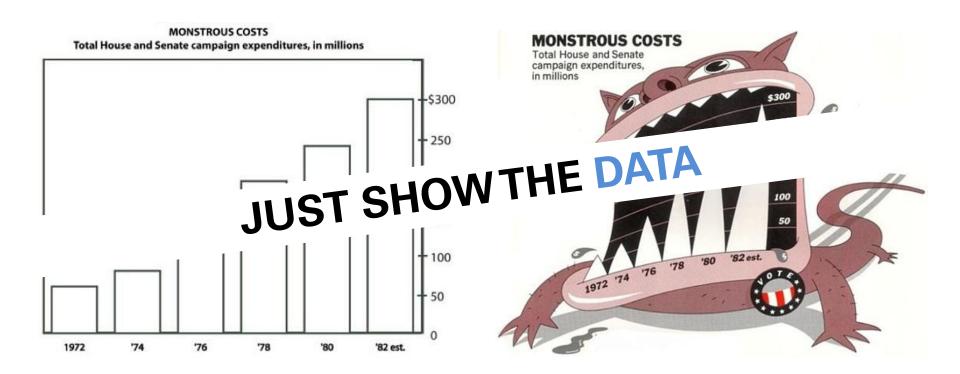


MONSTROUS COSTS
Total House and Senate campaign expenditures, in millions









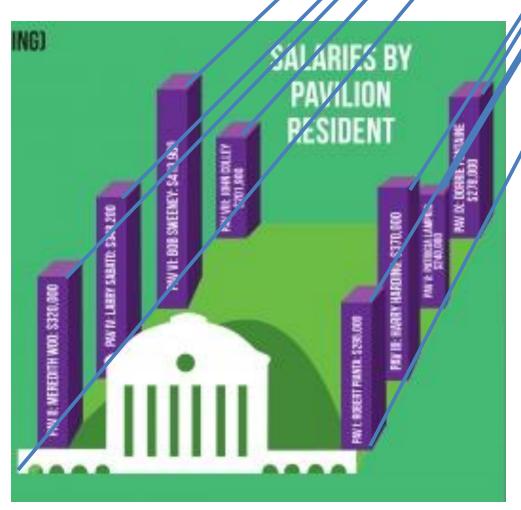




Cav Daily, 2013



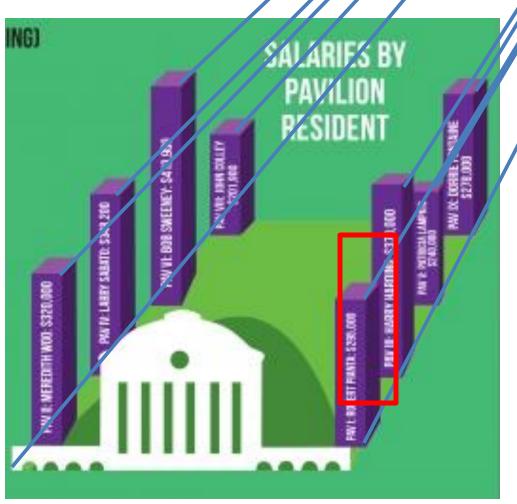
One point perspective? Oh no.



Cav Daily, 2013



One point perspective? Oh no. Overlap begins to obscure even further.



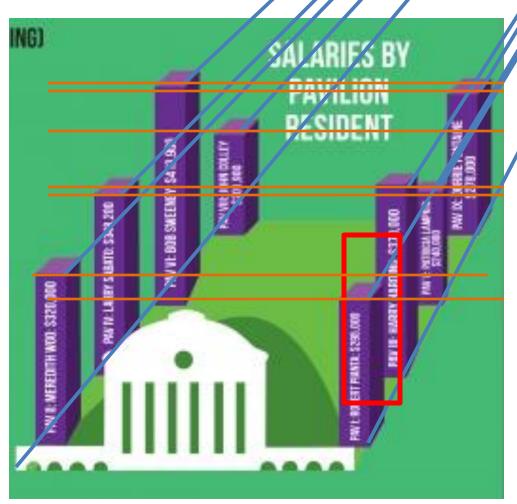
Cav Daily, 2013



One point perspective? Oh no.

Overlap begins to obscure even further.

No means of comparison.



Cav Daily, 2013



One point perspective? Oh no.

Overlap begins to obscure even further.

No means of comparison.





Cav Daily, 2013

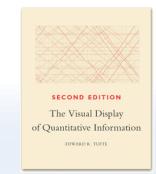


## Graphical Excellence

## "Complex ideas communicated with clarity, precision, and efficiency."

- Show the data
- Induce the viewer to think of substance, not methodology
- Avoid distorting the data
- Present many numbers in a small place
- Make large data sets coherent
- Encourage the eye to compare data
- Reveal the data at multiple levels of detail
- Serve a reasonably clear purpose



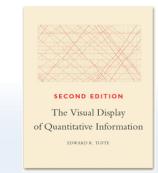


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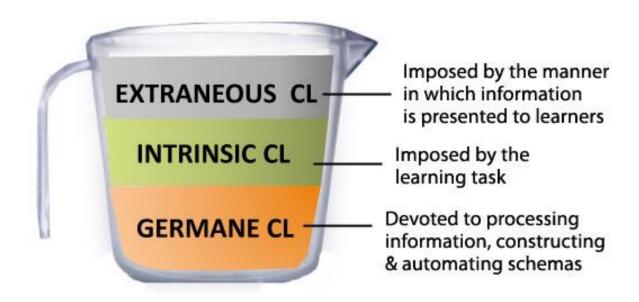
## Cognitive Load

The work or "load" associated with perceiving, interpreting, problem solving, and all other tasks associated with the use and control of working memory.



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"For all nonequal points along the edge of an object the distance between the midpoint of the line segment created by these two points and the edge of the source object is always greater than 0."



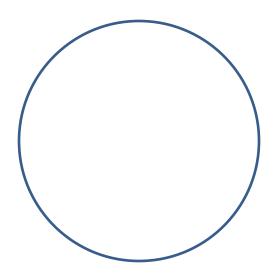
"For all nonequal points along the edge of an object the distance between the midpoint of the line segment created by these two points and the edge of the source object is always greater than 0."

"The object has no linear edges."



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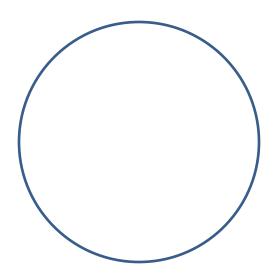
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The way you present an idea adds extraneous cognitive load.



$$(((100 + 15) - (3 * 5)) / 10) - (10 + (5 - (3 + (2 * 1) - 2)))$$



$$(((100 + 15) - (3 * 5)) / 10) - (10 + (5 - (3 + (2 * 1) - 2)))$$
  
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 $(100 / 10) - (10 + (5 - 3))$ 



$$(((100 + 15) - (3 * 5)) / 10) - (10 + (5 - (3 + (2 * 1) - 2)))$$
  
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 $(100 / 10) - (10 + 2)$ 

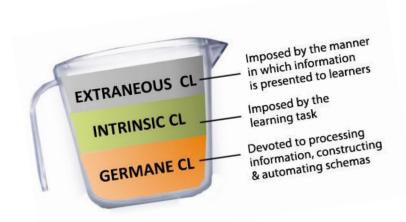




While there is some intrinsic cognitive load in everything your design choices determine how much extra is on top of that.







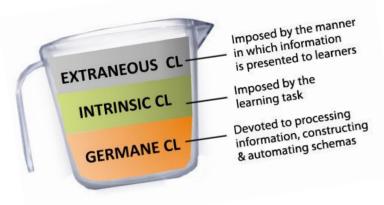


### The way you present an idea adds extraneous cognitive load.





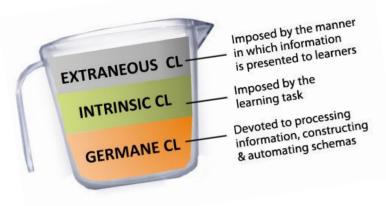
The way you present an idea adds extraneous cognitive load.



Germane Cognitive Load can be reduced by paying careful attention to how your viewer develops an understanding of your material.



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Germane Cognitive Load can be reduced by paying careful attention to how your viewer develops an understanding of your material.

#### Schema / "Mental Model"

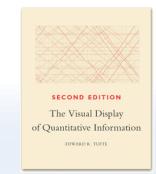


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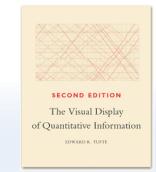


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7 ± 2



7 ± 2

"The average number of objects the average human can hold in working memory"



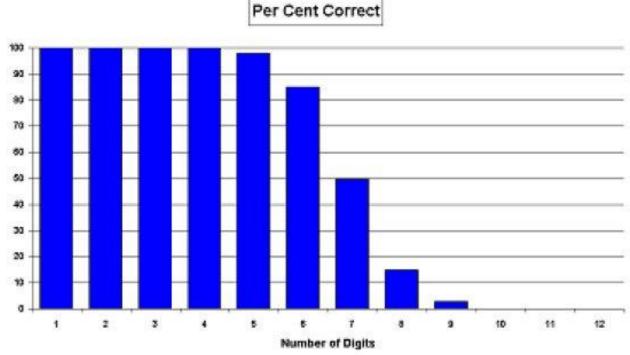
$$\begin{array}{c} 8\ 2\ 6\ 1\ 0\ 5\ 4 \\ 7\ 1\ 2\ 9\ 4\ 8\ 7\ 0\ 9\ 6 \\ & 1\ 4\ 3\ 2 \end{array}$$

### 7 ± 2

"The average number of objects the average human can hold in working memory"

The Magical Number Seven, Plus or Minus Two: Some Limits on Our Capacity for Processing Information, George A. Miller, 1956





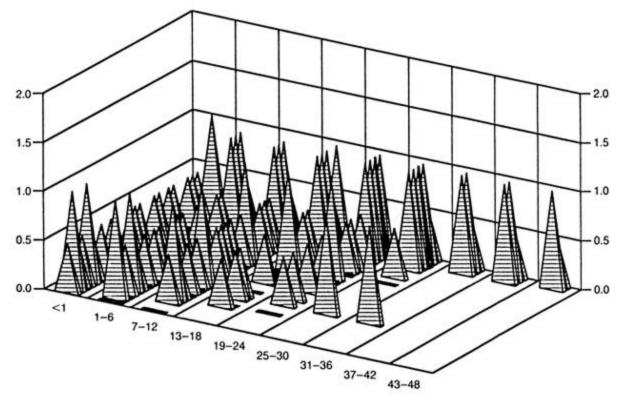
The Magical Number Seven, Plus or Minus Two: Some Limits on Our Capacity for Processing Information, George A. Miller, 1956



#### **Awareness Test**

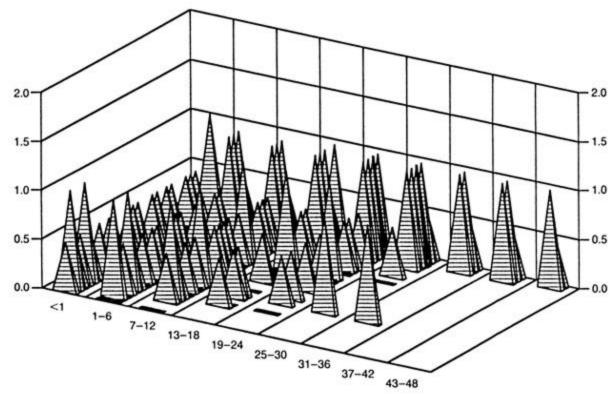
http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ahg6qcgoay4





### **Chartjunk comes in many forms**





Chartjunk comes in many forms When in doubt ask "is it obvious?"





Consider the visualizations that you turned in for homework 1. Is there anything about these visualizations that strikes you as chartjunk? If so (or if not) explain your reasoning in a short response.

